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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
09/623,488		10/30/2000	Feng Bao	P19949	7274		
7055	7590	02/03/2004		EXAMINER			
		ERNSTEIN, P.L.C	PARTHASARATHY, PRAMILA				
RESTON,		RKE PLACE 1		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
•				2136	a		
				DATE MAILED: 02/03/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

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		Applicat	tion No.		Applicant(s)				
1		09/623,4	488		BAO ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examine	er	-	Art Unit				
			Parthasarathy		2133				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appears on tl	he cover sheet	with the co	orrespondence a	ddress			
THE - External after of the control	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC mensions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication by the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 Diperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply vireply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no exprincation. of days, a reply within the structury period will apply and will, by statute, cause the approximation.	event, however, may atutory minimum of t will expire SIX (6) Mi oplication to become	a reply be time thirty (30) days ONTHS from the ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered time ne mailing date of this o	lly. communication.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <u>12 November</u>	<u>2002</u> .						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b	o)⊠ This action is r	non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	e withdrawn from c							
Applicat	ion Papers								
9)⊠	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.			-				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	•	•	•					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
111	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 1) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	by the Examiner. I	iole lile allacii	ieu Onice i	ACTION OF TOTAL	10-152.			
		for foreign priority	ındar 25 1 C C	S 440/a\	(d) or (f)				
* 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim is All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation of the attached detailed Office action of the certified copies of a claim for the certified copies of the certified copies of a claim for the certified copies of the attached detailed Office action of the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of a claim for the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the priority of the certified copies of the certified copies of application from the literature of the certified copies of the certified copies of a claim for the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of a claim for the certified copies of the certified	documents have be documents have be if the priority documental Bureau (PCT Runder a list of the cere of domestic priority in the first sentence guage provisional ar domestic priority in the street of the	en received. en received in nents have bee ule 17.2(a)). tified copies no under 35 U.S.C ce of the specif application has under 35 U.S.C	Application received to the re	on No d in this National d.) (to a provisional in an Application elived. and/or 121 since	al application) Data Sheet. a specific			
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2) 🔲 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	ΓΟ-948) per No(s) <u>#6, #7, #8</u> .			PTO-413) Paper No Itent Application (PT				

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DETAILED ACTION

1

1. Claims 1 – 7 are presented for examination

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

- d) "the second party accepts the second digital data" (page 5 Line
- Examiner interprets as "the second party accepts the first digital data".
 Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Micali (U.S. Patent No. 5,666,420) in view of Angebaud et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,218,637).

As per Claim 1, Micali discloses

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a) the first party encrypting the first digital data and generating an authentication certificate, the authentication certificate authenticating that the encrypted first digital data is an encryption of the first digital data, and sending certificate to the second party (Col.5 Lines 46 – 48);

- b) the second verifying that the encrypted first digital data is an encryption of the first digital data using the authentication certificate, and the second party sending the second digital data to the first party if the verification is positive (Col.9 Lines 50 51);
- c) the first party verifying that the second digital data is valid, and if the verification is positive, the first party accepts the second digital data and sends the unencrypted first digital data to the second party (Col.5 Lines 52 54);
- d) the second party verifying that the first digital data is valid, and if the verification is positive, the second party accepts the first digital data (Col.5 Lines 55 60); otherwise, the second party sends the encrypted first digital data and the second digital data to a third party, having a decryption key to decrypt the encrypted first digital data (Col.5 Lines 60 62); and
- e) the third party decrypting the encrypted first digital data to obtain the first digital data, verifying that the first and the second digital data are valid and, if both the first and the second digital data are verified as valid, sending the first digital data to the second party and the second digital data to the first party (Col.5 Lines 63 67).

Micali does not explicitly disclose that the first party sending the unencrypted first digital data after the first party verifies that the second digital data from the second party

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is valid. However, in an analogous environment, Angebaud discloses a method of exchanging digital data between a first party having a unique first digital data and a second party having a unique second digital data over a communication link (Col.1 Lines 12 – 14) and also discloses the method comprising a – d (Col.9 Lines 29 – 51).

- a) the first party sending the encrypted first digital data to the second party;
- b) the second party verifying that the encrypted first digital is an encryption of the first digital data and second party sending the second digital data to the first party;
- c) the first party verifying that the second digital data is valid and sends the unencrypted first digital data to the second party;
- d) the second verifying that the first digital data is valid, accepts the first digital data.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement the claimed invention by including a method for sending the unencrypted first digital data after establishing the trust there by to eliminate the need to decrypt the first digital data. Such modifications would have been obvious because by combining the teachings of Micali with Angebaud, the second party has no need to decrypt the first digital data thereby saving time in decrypt algorithm computation.

As per Claim 2, Micali discloses

the first party in step a) encrypting the first digital data on a concatenation of file M_A and a one-way hash of file M_B (Col.8 Lines 59 – 64 and Col.5 Lines 58 – 59); and

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the second party in step b) if the verification is positive, encrypting the second digital data on a concatenation of file M_B and a one-way hash of file M_A (Col.8 Lines 59 – 64 and Lines 50 – 51).

As per Claim 3, Micali discloses

Wherein the first and second digital data are digital signatures belonging to the first and second party, respectively (Col.4 Line 66 and Col.3 Lines 62 - 63 and Col.4 Lines 14 - 34).

As per Claim 4, Micali discloses

the second digital data is a file M which the first party wishes to receive from the second party in exchange for the first digital data (Col.5 Lines 46 – 53). Micali does not explicitly disclose that the file M is a secret file. However, Angebaud discloses

Wherein the second digital data is a secret file M which the first party wishes to receive from the second party in exchange for the first digital data (Col.1 Lines 12 - 14 and Col.9 Lines 34 - 61). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to interpret the second digital data is a secret file, as it is well known in the art that digital signature scheme is based on secret key cryptography.

As per Claim 5, Micali discloses

Wherein the first party has a pair of public/private keys in a first digital signature scheme (Col.10 Lines 55 – 58);

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The second party has a pair of public/private keys in a second digital signature scheme (Col.10 Lines 61 – 65); and

The third party has a pair of public/private keys in a public key encryption scheme (Col.10 Lines 50 – 54).

As per Claim 6, Micali discloses

Wherein the digital signature schemes are discrete logarithm based schemes; and the public key encryption is a discrete logarithm based scheme (Col.10 Lines 50 – 54).

As per Claim 7, Micali discloses

the public key encryption scheme is a discrete logarithm based scheme (Col.10 Lines 50 – 54).

Micali does not disclose the digital signature schemes are Guillou-Quisquater type digital signature schemes. However, Angebaud discloses

Wherein the digital signature schemes are Guillou-Quisquater type digital signature schemes (Col.7 Lines 24 – 68 and Col.8 Lines 1 – 45). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement the claimed invention by including a method for using the Guillou-Quisquater digital signature schemes there by eliminating the need to transfer a secret and/or controlling an action between two parties which establish reciprocal authentication, without a previously shared secret and without a common cryptographic algorithm. Such modifications would

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have been obvious because by combining the teachings of Micali with Angebaud, the

first and second parties can keep the parallel accreditations in each exchange to an

absolute minimum.

Conclusion

3. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231 or

faxed to: (703) 872-9306 for all formal communications.

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal

Drive, Arlington, VA, Fourth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Pramila Parthasarathy whose telephone number is 703-

305-8912. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00a.m. To 5:00p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Albert Decady can be reached on 703-305-9595. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-

3900.

Pramila Parthasarathy Patent Examiner Art Unit 2133 703-305-8912 January 30, 2004.

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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